

HISTORY

Model questions

UNIT – I

1. Who did say that history is science no less and no more?
(a) Lord Acton (c) Carlyle
(b) A. L. Rowse (d) Bury
2. Which of the following books was written by Lao Tse?
(a) Shi-Yu-Ki (c) Tale of Sinuhi
(b) Tao-ti-King (d) Eloquent Peasant
3. Who did introduce Ostracism in ancient Greece?
(a) Draco (c) Cleisthenes
(b) Solon (d) Pericles
4. In the days of Feudalism a subject (Man) knelt down before the noble, put his own folded hands on the hands of the noble, and declared in solemn manner, “I swear to be faithful and attached to you as a man should be to his Lord”. What was this declaration called?
(a) Homage (c) Investiture
(b) Oath of Fidelity (d) Chivalry
5. Whose followers were called, “Red Shirts”?
(a) Mazzini (c) Garibaldi
(b) Count Cavour (d) Victor Emanuel II

UNIT – II

1. The Central Powers in the First World War were –
(a) Germany, Rumania, Austria, Yugoslavia, Turkey.
(b) Germany, Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria, Turkey.
(c) Germany, Austria, Czechoslovakia, Bulgaria, Turkey.
(d) Germany, Austria, Hungary, Bulgaria, Yugoslavia.
2. The Policy of ‘Weltpolitek’ was spelt out by –
(a) Woodrow Wilson (c) Keizer William II
(b) Lloyd George (d) Clemenceau
3. The League Council functioned as the –
(a) Executive Organ (c) Judicial Organ
(b) Legislative Organ (d) None of these
4. The October Revolution of 1917 resulted in -
(a) The dictatorship of the Proletariat.
(b) The rise of Socialism.
(c) The demise of the Romanov dynasty.
(d) All of these.

5. If Partito d'Italia and Fascio di Combattimento are associated with -
 - (a) Victor Emmanuel
 - (b) Benito Mussolini
 - (c) The Communists
 - (d) The Industrialists
6. Adolf Hitler was born -
 - (a) German
 - (b) Pole
 - (c) Czechoslovakian
 - (d) Austrian
7. Remilitarization of Rhineland took place in -
 - (a) March 1936
 - (b) March 1937
 - (c) April 1938
 - (d) September 1939
8. Anschluss was the process of -
 - (a) Occupying Poland
 - (b) Occupying Czechoslovakia
 - (c) Occupying Austria
 - (d) Occupying Finland
9. The Atlantic Charter was signed between -
 - (a) The United States of America and Great Britain.
 - (b) Great Britain and France.
 - (c) The United States of America and France.
 - (d) The United States of America, Great Britain and France.
10. Food and Agricultural Organization, International Monetary Fund, International Bank for Reconstruction and Development are -
 - (a) Specialized Agencies of the UN.
 - (b) Non-Governmental Organizations.
 - (c) Related to the Secretariat of the UN.
 - (d) None of these.
11. The Cold War in its initial phase began between -
 - (a) USA and USSR.
 - (b) USSR and Great Britain.
 - (c) USA and Great Britain.
 - (d) USSR and France.
12. North Atlantic Treaty Organization was signed by -
 - (a) Five Nations
 - (b) Seven Nations
 - (c) Nine Nations
 - (d) Twelve Nations
13. Warsaw is the Capital of -
 - (a) Yugoslavia
 - (b) Rumania
 - (c) Poland
 - (d) Bulgaria
14. The Civil war in China was fought between -
 - (a) KMT and Japan.
 - (b) CCP and Japan.
 - (c) KMT and CCP.
 - (d) KMT, CCP and Japan.
15. Zaibatsu in Japan is a -
 - (a) Socio - Cultural Organization
 - (b) Industrial - Military Combine
 - (c) Religious Sect of Buddhism
 - (d) Political Party in Japan

UNIT – III

1. The earliest reference about Aryans is obtained from –
(a) The Ramayan (c) The Mahabharat
(b) The Gita (d) Rig Veda
2. The approximate date of Harappan Civilization is –
(a) 3000 B.C. (c) 2000 B.C.
(b) 1500 B.C. (d) 1000 B.C.
3. Siddhartha attained his enlightenment at -
(a) Banaras (c) Kusinagar
(b) Gaya (d) Sara math
4. Who was the author of Arthasastra?
(a) Patanjali (c) Kautilya
(b) Jaimini (d) Vyasadeva
5. Fai Hein came to India during the reign of –
(a) Kanishka (c) Ramagupta
(b) Chandragupta Maurya (d) Chandragupta II
6. Who among the following rulers of Delhi Sultanate first defined the theory of Kingship?
(a) Qutb-uddin-Aibak (c) Raziya
(b) Iltutmish (d) Balban

UNIT – IV

1. Who did establish the Ibadat khana?
(a) Allauddin Khilji (c) Akbar
(b) Feroz Tughloq (d) Shah Jahan
2. Which treaty was signed on the conclusion of the Battle of Buxar?
(a) Treaty of Rangalore.
(b) Treaty of Bassein.
(c) Treaty of Srirangapatanam.
(d) Treaty of Allahabad.
3. Who had written the book “Poverty and Un-British Rule in India”?
(a) Feroz Shah.
(b) R. C. Dutt.
(c) Dadabhai Naoroji.
(d) Lala Lajpat Rai.
4. Who was the founder of Arya Samaj?
(a) Raja Rammohan Ray.
(b) Dayananda Saraswati.
(c) Ramakrushna Paramhans.
(d) Vivekananda.

5. Who said "Swaraj is my birthright"?
 - (a) Mahatma Gandhi.
 - (b) Lala Lajpat Rai.
 - (c) Subhash Chandra Bose.
 - (d) Bal Gangadhar Tilak.
6. In which year did Muslim League adopt the resolution on formation of Pakistan?
 - (a) 1916 (c) 1940
 - (b) 1937 (d) 1946

UNIT – V

1. As per the 'Madalapanji' who was the builder of the Present Jagannath Temple?
 - (a) Ananta Varman Chodaganga Dev.
 - (b) Anangabhim Dev II.
 - (c) Anangabhim Dev III.
 - (d) Narasingha Dev I.
2. Who did mobilize the Zamindars and the Paikas for the Khurda revolt of 1804-05?
 - (a) Dala Behera of Tapanga.
 - (b) Rajaguru Jayee Krushna Mohapatra.
 - (c) Buxi Jagabandhu Vidyadhar.
 - (d) Pindiki Harichandan.
3. From which of the following Princely States thousands of people did migrate to a neighboring district in protest against the oppression of their ruler?
 - (a) Dhenkanal (c) Talcher
 - (b) Ranapur (d) Nilagiri
4. On the arrest of Gopabandhu Choudhury who did lead the Salt Satyagraha at Inchudi?
 - (a) Harekrushna Mahtab.
 - (b) Acharya Harihar.
 - (c) Nilakantha Dash.
 - (d) Biswanath Dash.
5. What was the immediate outcome of the efforts of the Maharaja of Paralakhemundi in the First Round Table Conference in London?
 - (a) The appointment of Philip-Duff Committee.
 - (b) The appointment of Atlee Sub-Committee.
 - (c) The appointment of O'Donnell Boundary Committee.
 - (d) The issue of British Government's White Paper.

ANSWER KEYS

UNIT – I	1. (d)	2. (b)	3. (c)	4. (b)	5. (c)	
UNIT – II	1. (b)	2. (c)	3. (a)	4. (d)	5. (b)	
	6. (d)	7. (a)	8. (c)	9. (a)	10. (a)	
	11. (b)	12. (d)	13. (c)	14. (c)	15. (b)	
UNIT – III	1. (d)	2. (a)	3. (b)	4. (c)	5. (d)	6. (d)
UNIT – IV	1. (c)	2. (d)	3. (d)	4. (b)	5. (d)	6. (c)
UNIT – V	1. (c)	2. (b)	3. (c)	4. (b)	5. (c)	